#### Gen Ed Assessment plan and schedule Revised fall '23

This document includes a brief narrative of the current plan, a calendar for assessment by course/designator by semester, a set of rubrics for SLOs, and a set of tables mapping out Pathways SLOs with ISLOs. The original calendar called for a single semester of program-level assessment, in fall '23. As we began that work, we realized it needed more time. Thus program-level assessment is taking place in AY23-24 and data collection will resume in fall '24, as shown in the calendar below, which was revised in fall '23.

The most basic rubrics for each Gen Ed course are included (starting on p.3). The comparison of Gen Ed SLOs to ISLOs is included (starting on p. 10). The comparison of Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs to SUNY Gen Ed SLOs (SUNY Gen Ed Framework fall '23 roll out) is included (starting on p. 28).

#### Narrative of the current plan

The Potsdam General Education Program began its first year of roll-out in AY '20-'21. This new general education program was designed to incorporate assessment from the ground up. Each WAYS course and each course that carries a Gen Ed designator must have explicit linkage between course SLO(s) and assignment(s). Assessment will thus be based on a determination of whether or not a student has met the SLOs, as demonstrated through specific assignment(s).

#### WAYS OF BEGINNING COURSES (shaded green in the calendar below)

We have begun assessment with the WAYS of Beginning courses. Data will be collected every semester in the foundational first-year skills courses—it is built into the structure of the courses and required for renewal of the syllabi of these courses (which will take place on a three-year cycle). An exception to this every semester rule is WAYS 101. All incoming students take that course in their first/fall semester. Sections offered in spring semesters are thus very few in number (3 or less) and primarily for students repeating the course. We have not been collecting assessment data for those spring sections in the same way.

#### WAYS OF THINKING COURSES (shaded blue in the calendar below)

Data gathering for Ways of Thinking courses involved faculty across all three schools which has produced some excellent cross-department and cross-disciplinary conversations, as was the intent behind the design of these de-siloed epistemologically-based designators. Details on these conversations and the data behind them can be found in the <u>completed assessment</u> <u>reports</u>.

#### WAYS OF CONNECTING COURSES (shaded yellow in the calendar below)

CG and CL designator courses had data collected and reports submitted, in line with the work done for Ways of Thinking courses. CM and CT are courses within a major and the original assumption was that programs would assess the SLOs here as part of the regular assessment of those courses. This assumption was partly based on a model whereby some/most programs already had some kind of capstone-experience course for students. In the process of Gen Ed roll out, it has become clear many programs did not. The creation of new courses has been a challenging yet productive experience. It also means that Gen Ed will need to be more explicitly involved in the assessment of these courses. That involvement is planned to begin in fall '24.

Faculty teaching courses being assessed will fill out a rubric for each SLO and report on how many students meet the SLO vs. how many don't.

Each semester, approximately 10 courses that carry each designator are offered. Thus, the staggered semester timeline should allow us to gather data on more of the total possible courses that carry a designator rather than simply getting data on the same set of courses over and over. That is, if a course is offered every other year, the staggered collection of data should catch all courses at least once in the full cycle. Each Ways of Thinking/Connecting designator is also captured in at least one fall and one spring semester during the full cycle.

Participation in assessment is required for a course to keep the designator.

	F20	S21	F21	S22	F22	S23	F23	S24	F24	S25	F25	S26	F26	S27
101	Х		Х		Х				Х		Х		Х	
102	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х			Х	Х	х	Х	х	x
103	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	x
TA			Х			Х					х			
TF			Х			Х					х			
тн				Х					х			х		
TM				Х					х			х		
NW					Х					х			х	
SW					Х					х			х	
<mark>CG</mark>			Х			Х								х
<mark>CL</mark>			Х			Х								х
<mark>CM</mark>									Х			Х		
<mark>CT</mark>									Х			Х		

#### Calendar for data collection

# Rubrics for Pathways courses

WAYS 101	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Articulate the complexities, subtleties, and nuances of the wicked problem. (Understanding)		
SLO 2: Map out claims made (what is being argued for) and reasons/evidence given in support of those claims. (Analyzing).		
SLO 3: Evaluate arguments, including detecting inconsistencies and common mistakes in reasoning (i.e., logical fallacies, or common forms of logical error, e.g., mistaking a correlation for causation). (Evaluating)		
SLO 4: Construct arguments, anticipating likely objections to those arguments and formulating possible responses to these objections. (Creating)		
SLO 5: Analyze their own and others' assumptions in framing the problem, in defining the relevant evidence, and by reflecting on how those assumptions affect their position. (Analyzing)		
SLO 6: Critically evaluate the reliability of source materials (Evaluating)		

WAYS 102	% of students	% of students not
	meeting	meeting
SLO 1: Respond to the arguments of a diverse range of texts. (Evaluating)		
SLO 2: Construct (plan, draft, revise, and edit) extended writing in drafts of increasing quality, in response to feedback from diverse readers (peers, instructors). (Creating)		
SLO 3: Craft arguments with clear purpose, logical organization, internal consistency, and appropriate tone. (Creating)		

SLO 4: Integrate appropriate outside sources into their own writing. (Applying)	
SLO 5: Apply conventions of grammar, structure, and citation appropriate to the disciplinary lens. (Applying)	

WAYS 103 (revised spring '23)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Describe historical and contemporary social factors that shape the development of individual and group identity, involving but not limited to race, class, and gender. (Understanding)		
SLO 2: Analyze the social construction of inequality at the individual, interactional, institutional, and ideological levels of society. (Analyzing)		
SLO 3: Describe challenges (and responses to said challenges) regarding rights, access, and equity that are faced by underrepresented population(s) traditionally marginalized or oppressed in the U.S., especially in terms of social justice action. (Understanding)		
SLO 4: Demonstrate oral communication that informs, persuades, or otherwise engages with audience(s) appropriately. (Applying)		
SLO 5: Evaluate communication for substance, bias, and intended effect. (Evaluating)		

Thinking Aesthetically (TA-3 cr.)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Critically analyze the form, content, and style of an art form. (Analyzing)		
SLO 2: Critically evaluate the form, content, and style of an art form. (Evaluating)		

SLO 3: Critically analyze the historical, contemporary, sociocultural, or theoretical contexts of an art form. (Evaluating)	
SLO 4: Interpret the art form being studied. (Understanding)	
SLO 5: For studio/performance courses only, create art within the form. (Creating)	

Thinking Foundationally (TF-3 cr.)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Explain a range of foundational approaches used within the relevant subject area and apply those approaches. (Explaining and Applying)		
SLO 2: Articulate the foundational assumptions used by those approaches. (Understanding)		
SLO 3: Articulate the necessity, benefits, and drawbacks of making foundational assumptions within a subject area. (Understanding)		
SLO 4: Identify in writing the strengths and weaknesses of different foundational approaches and argue persuasively for and against the assumptions made by those approaches. (Applying and Evaluating)		
SLO 5: Compose papers in which they argue first for one foundational perspective and then for an opposing perspective, identifying the strengths and weaknesses of each. (Creating)		

Thinking Historically (TH-3 cr.) (revised spring '23)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Evaluate the uses and limitations of relevant source materials commonly used to understand the past. (Evaluating)		
SLO 2: Critically engage with evolving scholarly conversations about how we		

understand and remember the past. (Creating)	
SLO 3: Explain the role of individual participation in US communities and government. (Understanding)	
SLO 4: Analyze United States' society and/or history, including the diversity of individuals and communities that make up the nation. (Analyzing)	

Thinking Mathematically (TM-3 cr.)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Use the fundamental tools of mathematics, such as arithmetic, algebra, geometry, functions, graphs, and statistics. (Applying)		
SLO 2: Apply precise, logical quantitative reasoning to mathematical hypotheses and conditions. (Applying)		
SLO 3: Identify mathematical structure and pattern. (Applying)		
SLO 4: Engage in mathematical abstractions. (Applying)		
SLO 5: Communicate effectively with oral and written skills appropriate to the discipline. (Understanding)		

Thinking Scientifically: Natural World (NW- 4 cr. includes lab)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
4 cl. Includes laby		meeting
SLO 1: Explain the process of scientific		
investigation and its strict reliance on		
empirical evidence. (Understanding)		
SLO 2: Apply the scientific process to		
phenomena in the natural world.		
(Applying)		
SLO 3: Evaluate scientific claims to make		
informed and logical judgments about		
natural science issues. (Evaluating)		

SLO 4: Discuss the impact of science and	
scientific discoveries on their lives.	
(Creating)	

Thinking Scientifically: Social World (SW-3 cr.)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Assess the quality of qualitative and/or quantitative data. (Evaluating)		
SLO 2: Evaluate the quality of scientific inferences drawn from data. (Evaluating)		
SLO 3: Identify essential discipline-specific theories, terminology, and conceptual frameworks from the social sciences. (Applying)		
SLO 4: Comprehend diverse viewpoints from the social sciences. (Understanding)		
SLO 5: Apply basic course concepts and methods to answer a simple social science research question. (Applying).		

Connecting Through a Language Other than English (CL-3 cr.)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
CL 101*		
SLO 1: Recognize distinct cultural features of at least one non-English language community. (Remembering)		
SLO 2: Develop pertinent reflections on cultural features of non-English language communities. (Applying)		
SLO 3: Identify sentences in present tense		
in the new language. (Applying)		
SLO 4: Use present tense verbs to discuss basic topics. (Applying)		
CL 102*		
SLO 1: Recognize distinct cultural features of at least one non-English language community. (Remembering)		
SLO 2: Develop pertinent reflections on cultural features of non-English language communities. (Applying)		

SLO 3: Identify sentences in present tense in the new language. (Applying)	
CL 103*	
SLO 1: Recognize distinct cultural features	
of at least one non-English language	
community. (Remembering)	
SLO 2: Develop pertinent reflections on	
cultural features of non-English language	
communities. (Applying)	
SLO 3: Identify structural nuances in the	
new language. (Applying)	
SLO 4: Formulate opinions and hypothetical	
situations in speaking and writing.	
(Creating)	

Connecting Globally (CG-3 cr.)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Explain key characteristics and concepts in global and/or cross-cultural context(s) that are explored in the course. (Understanding)		
SLO 2: Identify significant aspects of global and/or intercultural connections with political, historical, artistic, cultural, philosophical, economic, scientific, technological, and/or international components. (Applying)		
SLO 3: Analyze historical or contemporary global issues, discourses, narratives, and/or artistic expressions from more than one perspective. (Analyzing)		
SLO 4: Demonstrate competence in cross- cultural understanding through written, spoken, visual, or performed content appropriate to the discipline(s). (Understanding)		

Connecting Clearly: Communication in the	% of students meeting	% of students not
Major (CM-credits count in major)		meeting
SLO 1: Identify at least two types of written and oral communication specific to their		
discipline. (Applying)		

SLO 2: Explain what sorts of rhetoric are generally considered effective within the types of discipline-specific communication they are studying. (Evaluating)	
SLO 3: Explain what sorts of evidence are generally considered valid within the types of discipline-specific communication they are studying. (Evaluating)	
SLO 4: Produce (and accept feedback on) substantive written and oral work of their own that applies the understanding they have gained through analysis of models of the types of discipline-specific communication. (Creating)	

Connecting Theory to Practice Through Applied Learning (CT-credits count in major)	% of students meeting	% of students not meeting
SLO 1: Identify the links between skills/theories/models of the discipline and practice. (Applying)		
SLO 2: Explain how they grew personally, professionally, and intellectually as a result of the applied experience. (Evaluating)		

# Mapping Pathways SLOs with ISLOs

WAYS 101	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
	Communication:	Intercultural	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	Competence:	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
	logical, and	understanding	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	of multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access, evaluate,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	and use
	visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	information
	forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	effectively,
	appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	competently, and
	their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	creatively
		between	quantitative and	
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
		social,	scientific reasoning) to	
		economic, or	generate novel and	
		political power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies,	
			approaches, or	
			products.	
SLO 1: Articulate the				
complexities,				
subtleties and				
nuances of the				
wicked problem.				
SLO 2: Map out the			х	х
claims made (what is				
being argued for; the				
conclusion) and the				
reasons/evidence				
given in support of				
those claims (i.e., the premises).				
SLO 3: Evaluate				
arguments, including			x	х
detecting				
inconsistencies and				
common mistakes in				
reasoning (i.e.,				
logical fallacies, or				
common forms of				

r			
logical error, e.g., mistaking a			
correlation for			
causation).			
SLO 4: Construct	x	x	
arguments,			
anticipating likely			
objections to that			
argument and			
formulating possible			
responses to these			
objections.			
SLO 5: Analyze their	x	x	
own and others'			
assumptions in			
framing the problem			
and in defining the			
relevant evidence,			
and how those			
assumptions affect			
their position.			
SLO 6: Critically			х
evaluate the			
reliability of source			
materials			
(Evaluating)			

WAYS 102	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
	Communication:	Intercultural	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	Competence:	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	Literacy: Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box, brainstorming)	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic	diverse	and convergent	use
	forms	experiences, as	thinking (e.g., critical	information
	appropriate to	well as the	thinking, evaluation of	effectively,
	their disciplines	relationships	ideas, quantitative and	competently,
		between	qualitative analysis,	and creatively
		inequality and	scientific reasoning) to	
		social, economic,	generate novel and	

		power	relevant ideas, strategies, approaches, or products.	
SLO 1: Respond to			x	
the arguments of a				
diverse range of				
texts. (Evaluating)				
SLO 2: Construct			x	x
(plan, draft, revise,				
and edit) extended				
writing in drafts of				
increasing quality, in				
response to				
feedback from				
diverse readers				
(peers, instructors).				
(Creating)				
SLO 3: Craft	x		x	
arguments with				
clear purpose,				
logical organization,				
internal consistency				
and appropriate				
tone. (Creating)				
SLO 4: Integrate	x			
appropriate outside				
sources into their				
own writing.				
(Applying)				
SLO 5: Apply				
conventions of				
grammar, structure,				
and citation				
appropriate to the				
disciplinary lens.				
(Applying)				

WAYS 103	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
	Communication:	<u>Intercultural</u>	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	<u>Competence</u> :	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g. <i>,</i>	skills and

	compelling way, in written, oral, visual, or artistic forms appropriate to their disciplines	multiple worldviews and diverse experiences, as well as the relationships between inequality and	ideas, thinking out of the box, brainstorming) and convergent thinking (e.g., critical thinking, evaluation of ideas,	knowledge to access, evaluate, and use information effectively, competently, and creatively
SLO 1: Describe historical and contemporary social factors that shape the development of individual and group identity, involving but not limited to race, class, and gender. (Understanding)		X		
SLO 2: Analyze the social construction of inequality at the individual, interactional, institutional, and ideological levels of society. (Analyzing)		x		
SLO 3: Describe challenges (and responses to said challenges) regarding rights, access, and equity that are faced by underrepresented population(s)		x		

traditionally marginalized or oppressed in the U.S., especially in terms of social justice action. (Understanding)			
SLO 4: Demonstrate oral communication that informs, persuades, or otherwise engages with audience(s) appropriately. (Applying)		x	x
SLO 5: Evaluate communication for substance, bias, and intended effect. (Evaluating)	x		

				ı
Thinking	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
Aesthetically	Communication:	<u>Intercultural</u>	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	Competence:	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	use
	forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
	appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	effectively,
	their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	competently,
		between	quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
		social, economic,	scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies,	
			approaches, or	
			products.	
SLO 1: Critically	x		x	
analyze the form,				
content, and style of				

an art form. (Analyzing)				
SLO 2: Critically evaluate the form, content, and style of an art form. (Evaluating)	x		x	
SLO 3: Critically analyze the historical, contemporary, sociocultural, or theoretical contexts of an art form. (Evaluating)		x		
SLO 4: Interpret the art form being studied. (Understanding)				
SLO 5: For studio/performance courses only, create art within the form. (Creating)			x	

Thinking	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
Foundationally	Communication:	<u>Intercultural</u>	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	Competence:	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g. <i>,</i>	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	use
	forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
	appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	effectively,
	their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	competently,
		between	quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
		social, economic,	scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies, approaches,	
			or products.	

<b></b>			
SLO 1: Explain a	х		
range of			
foundational			
approaches used			
within the relevant			
subject area and			
apply those			
approaches.			
(Explaining and			
Applying)			
SLO 2: Articulate the	х		
foundational			
assumptions used by			
those approaches.			
(Understanding)			
SLO 3: Articulate the	x		
necessity, benefits,			
and drawbacks of			
making foundational			
assumptions within a			
subject area.			
(Understanding)			
SLO 4: Identify in	x		x
writing the strengths			
and weaknesses of			
different			
foundational			
approaches and			
argue persuasively			
for and against the			
assumptions made			
by those approaches.			
(Applying and			
Evaluating)			
SLO 5: Compose	x	x	
papers in which they			
argue first for one			
foundational			
perspective and then			
for an opposing			
perspective,			
identifying the			
strengths and			

weaknesses of each.		
(Creating)		

Thinking Historically	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
	Communication:	<u>Intercultural</u>	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	<u>Competence</u> :	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	Literacy: Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	use
	forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
	appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	effectively,
	their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	competently,
		between	quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
		social, economic,	scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies, approaches,	
			or products.	
SLO 1: Evaluate the				
uses and limitations				
of relevant source				
materials				
commonly used to				
understand the				
past. (Evaluating)				
SLO 2: Critically		x		х
engage with				
evolving scholarly				
conversations				
about how we				
understand and				
remember the past.				
(Creating)				
SLO 3: Explain the		x		x
role of individual				
participation in US				
communities and				
government.				
(Understanding)				

SLO 4: Analyze	х	x	
United States'			
society and/or			
history, including			
the diversity of			
individuals and			
communities that			
make up the nation.			
(Analyzing)			

Thinking	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
Mathematically	Communication:		Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in a coherent, logical, and compelling way, in written, oral, visual, or artistic forms appropriate to	<u>Competence</u> : Demonstrate understanding of multiple worldviews and diverse experiences, as well as the relationships between inequality and	Thinking: Use divergent (e.g., generation of novel ideas, thinking out of the box, brainstorming) and	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply skills and knowledge to access, evaluate, and use information effectively, competently, and creatively
(Applying)				
SLO 2: Apply precise, logical quantitative reasoning to mathematical hypotheses and conditions. (Applying)	x			

SLO 3: Identify mathematical structure and pattern. (Applying)			x
SLO 4: Engage in mathematical abstractions. (Applying)		x	
SLO 5: Communicate effectively with oral and written skills appropriate to the discipline. (Understanding)	x		

Thinking	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
Scientifically:	Communication:		Creative and Critical	Information
Natural World	Express ideas in		Thinking: Use	Literacy: Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
	<b>U</b> ,	0	•	knowledge to
	compelling way,		ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,		the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic		brainstorming) and	use
		experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
		well as the		effectively,
	their disciplines		evaluation of ideas,	competently,
		between	quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
			scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies, approaches,	
			or products.	
SLO 1: Explain the	x			x
process of scientific				
investigation and its				
strict reliance on				
empirical evidence. (Understanding)				
<u>.</u>				
SLO 2: Apply the	x			
scientific process to				
phenomena in the				

natural world. (Applying)			
SLO 3: Evaluate scientific claims to make informed and logical judgments about natural science issues. (Evaluating)		x	
SLO 4: Discuss the impact of science and scientific discoveries on their lives. (Creating)		x	

Thinking				
Thinking	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
=	Communication:			Information
World	Express ideas in	<u>Competence</u> :	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	-	ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	use
	forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
	appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	effectively,
	their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	competently,
		between	quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
		social, economic,	scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies, approaches,	
			or products.	
SLO 1: Assess the				x
quality of qualitative				
and/or quantitative				
data. (Evaluating)				
SLO 2: Evaluate the				
quality of scientific				
inferences drawn				
from data.				
(Evaluating)				

SLO 3: Identify	x			
essential discipline-				
specific theories,				
terminology, and				
conceptual				
frameworks from the				
social sciences.				
(Applying)				
SLO 4: Comprehend		x		
diverse viewpoints				
from the social				
sciences.				
(Understanding)				
SLO 5: Apply basic			x	
course concepts and				
methods to answer a				
simple social science				
research question.				
(Applying).				

Connecting Globally		ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
	Communication:	<u>Intercultural</u>	Creative and Critical	Information
	Express ideas in	<u>Competence</u> :	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g. <i>,</i>	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	use
	forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
	appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	effectively,
	their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	competently,
		between	quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
		social, economic,	scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies, approaches,	
			or products.	
SLO 1: Explain key		x		
characteristics and				
concepts in global				
and/or cross-cultural				

context(s) that are			
explored in the			
course.			
(Understanding)			
SLO 2: Identify		x	
significant aspects of			
global and/or			
intercultural			
connections with			
political, historical,			
artistic, cultural,			
philosophical,			
economic, scientific,			
technological, and/or			
international			
components.			
(Applying)			
SLO 3: Analyze		x	
historical or		~	
contemporary global			
issues, discourses,			
narratives, and/or			
artistic expressions			
from more than one			
perspective.			
(Analyzing)			
	x	x	
competence in cross-	^	^	
cultural			
understanding			
through written,			
spoken, visual, or			
performed content			
appropriate to the			
discipline(s).			
(Understanding)			

Connecting through	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
Language Other	Communication:	<u>Intercultural</u>	Creative and Critical	Information
than English	Express ideas in	<u>Competence</u> :	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	Literacy: Apply
	a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g. <i>,</i>	skills and
	logical, and	understanding of	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,	multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,

	appropriate to their disciplines	diverse experiences, as well as the relationships between inequality and	the box, brainstorming) and convergent thinking (e.g., critical thinking, evaluation of ideas, quantitative and qualitative analysis, scientific reasoning) to generate novel and relevant ideas, strategies, approaches, or products.	evaluate, and use information effectively, competently, and creatively
CL 101				
SLO 1: Recognize distinct cultural features of at least one non-English language community. (Remembering)		x		
SLO 2: Develop pertinent reflections on cultural features of non-English language communities. (Applying)		x		
SLO 3: Identify sentences in present tense in the new language. (Applying)	x			
SLO 4: Use present tense verbs to discuss basic topics. (Applying)	x			
CL 102				
SLO 1: Recognize distinct cultural features of at least one non-English language		x		

			[]
community.			
(Remembering)			
SLO 2: Develop		x	
pertinent reflections			
on cultural features			
of non-English			
language			
communities.			
(Applying)			
SLO 3: Identify	х		
sentences in past			
tense in the new			
language. (Applying)			
	x		
tense verbs to			
discuss a variety of			
topics. (Applying)			
CL 103			
SLO 1: Recognize		x	
distinct cultural			
features of at least			
one non-English			
language			
community.			
(Remembering)			
SLO 2: Develop		x	
pertinent reflections		^	
on cultural features			
of non-English			
language			
communities.			
(Applying)			
SLO 3: Identify	x		
structural nuances in	x		
the new language.			
(Applying)			
SLO 4: Formulate	x		
opinions and			
hypothetical			
situations in			
speaking and writing.			
(Creating)			

Connecting Clearly		1910 2		
Connecting Clearly:	ISLO 1	ISLO 2	ISLO 3	ISLO 4
Communication in	Communication:		Creative and Critical	Information
the Major	Express ideas in		<u>Thinking</u> : Use	Literacy: Apply
	,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g.,	skills and
		-	generation of novel	knowledge to
	compelling way,		ideas, thinking out of	access,
	in written, oral,		the box,	evaluate, and
	visual, or artistic		brainstorming) and	use information
		experiences, as	convergent thinking	
		well as the relationships	(e.g., critical thinking, evaluation of ideas,	effectively,
		between		competently, and creatively
			quantitative and	and creatively
		inequality and	qualitative analysis, scientific reasoning) to	
		or political	generate novel and	
		power	relevant ideas,	
			strategies, approaches,	
			or products.	
SLO 1: Identify at				
SLO 1: Identify at least two types of	x			
written and oral				
communication				
specific to their				
discipline. (Applying)				
	x			x
sorts of rhetoric are	^			^
generally considered				
effective within the				
types of discipline				
specific				
communication they				
are studying.				
(Evaluating)				
	x			x
sorts of evidence are				
generally considered				
valid within the				
types of discipline				
specific				
communication they				
are studying.				
(Evaluating)				

SLO 4: Produce (and	x	x	
accept feedback on)			
substantive written			
and oral work of			
their own that			
applies the			
understanding they			
have gained through			
analysis of models of			
the types of			
discipline-specific			
communication.			
(Creating)			

			ISLO 4
			Information
Express ideas in	<u>Competence</u> :	<u>Thinking</u> : Use	<u>Literacy</u> : Apply
a coherent,	Demonstrate	divergent (e.g. <i>,</i>	skills and
logical, and	understanding	generation of novel	knowledge to
compelling way,	of multiple	ideas, thinking out of	access,
in written, oral,	worldviews and	the box,	evaluate, and
visual, or artistic	diverse	brainstorming) and	use
forms	experiences, as	convergent thinking	information
appropriate to	well as the	(e.g., critical thinking,	effectively,
their disciplines	relationships	evaluation of ideas,	competently,
	between	quantitative and	and creatively
	inequality and	qualitative analysis,	
	social, economic,	scientific reasoning)	
	or political	to generate novel	
	power	and relevant ideas,	
		strategies,	
		approaches, or	
		products.	
x		x	
x		x	
	Express ideas in a coherent, logical, and compelling way, in written, oral, visual, or artistic forms appropriate to their disciplines	Communication:InterculturalExpress ideas in a coherent, logical, and compelling way, in written, oral, visual, or artistic forms appropriate to their disciplinesDemonstrate understanding worldviews and visual, or artistic diverse experiences, as well as the relationships between inequality and social, economic, or political powerx	Communication:Intercultural Competence:Creative and Critical Thinking:Express ideas in a coherent, logical, and compelling way, of multiple in written, oral, visual, or artistic forms appropriate to their disciplinesDemonstrate understanding of multiple worldviews and worldviews and the box, brainstorming) and convergent thinking (e.g., critical thinking, evaluation of ideas, quantitative and qualitative analysis, social, economic, or political powerCreative and Critical Thinking: Use divergent (e.g., generation of novel ideas, thinking out of the box, brainstorming) and convergent thinking (e.g., critical thinking, evaluation of ideas, quantitative and qualitative analysis, social, economic, scientific reasoning) to generate novel and relevant ideas, strategies, approaches, or products.xx

experience.		
(Evaluating)		

# SUNY Gen Ed framework (fall '23 roll out) mapped to Potsdam Gen Ed tables

# SUNY Critical Thinking and Reasoning

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
articulate an issue or problem	Articulate the complexities, subtleties, and nuances of the
identify, analyze, and evaluate ideas, data, and arguments as they occur in their own or others work	wicked problem (WAYS 101 SLO 1) Map out the claims made (what is being argued for; the conclusion) and the reasons/evidence given in support of 'those claims. (WAYS 101 SLO 2) Evaluate arguments, including detecting inconsistencies and common mistakes in reasoning (i.e., logical fallacies, or common forms of logical error, e.g., mistaking a correlation for causation). (WAYS 101 SLO 3)
	Analyze their own and others' assumptions in framing the problem and in defining the relevant evidence, and reflect on how those assumptions affect their position. (Analyzing) (WAYS 101 SLO 5)
acknowledge limitations such as perspective and bias	Analyze their own and others' assumptions in framing the problem and in defining the relevant evidence, and reflect on how those assumptions affect their position. (Analyzing) (WAYS 101 SLO 5)
Develop well-reasoned (logical) arguments to form judgments and/or draw conclusions	Construct arguments, anticipating likely objections to that argument and formulating possible responses to these objections. (WAYS 101 SLO 4)

## **SUNY Information Literacy**

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
	Locate and integrate appropriate outside sources into their own writing. (Applying) (WAYS 102 SLO 4)
	Critically evaluate the reliability of source materials (WAYS 01 SLO 6)

0	Recognize and map out the claims made (what is being argued for, to whom and how; the conclusion) and the
	reasons/evidence given in support of those claims (i.e., the premises).
	(WAYS 101 SLO 2)

## SUNY Communication – Written and Oral

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
Research a topic, develop an argument, and organize supporting details	Integrate appropriate outside sources into their own writing. (Applying) (WAYS 102 SLO 4)
	Craft arguments with clear purpose, logical organization, internal consistency and appropriate tone. (Creating) (WAYS 102 SLO 3)
Demonstrate coherent college-level communication (written and oral) that informs, persuades, or otherwise engages and audience	Apply conventions of grammar, structure, and citation appropriate to the disciplinary lens. (Applying) (WAYS 102 SLO 5)
	Demonstrate oral communication that informs, persuades, or otherwise engages with audience(s) appropriately. (Applying) (WAYS 103 SLO 4)
Evaluate communication for substance, bias and intended effect	Map out claims made (what is being argued for) and reasons/evidence given in support of those claims. (Analyzing) (WAYS 101 SLO 2)
	Analyze their own and others' assumptions in framing the problem and in defining the relevant evidence, and reflect on how those assumptions affect their position. (Analyzing) (WAYS 101 SLO 5)
	Evaluate communication for substance, bias, and intended effect. (Evaluating) (WAYS 103 SLO 5)
Demonstrate the ability to revise and	Construct (plan, draft, revise, and edit) extended writing in
improve written and oral communication	drafts of increasing quality, in response to feedback from diverse readers (peers, instructors). (Creating) (WAYS 102

SLO 2)	
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# SUNY Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Social Justice

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
Describe the historical and	Describe historical and contemporary social factors
contemporary societal factors that shape	that shape the development of individual and group
the development of individual and group	identity, involving but not limited to race, class, and
identity involving race, class and gender	gender. (Understanding) (WAYS 103 SLO 1)
Analyze the role that complex networks	Analyze the social construction of inequality at the
of social structures and systems play in	individual, interactional, institutional, and ideological
the creation and perpetuation of the	levels of society. (Analyzing) (WAYS 103 SLO 2)
dynamics of power, privilege, oppression	
and opportunity	
Apply the principles of rights, access,	Describe challenges (and responses to said challenges)
equity and autonomous participation to	regarding rights, access, and equity that are faced by
past, current, or future social justice	underrepresented population(s) traditionally
action	marginalized or oppressed in the U.S., especially in
	terms of social justice action. (Understanding) (WAYS
	103 SLO 3)

# SUNY Mathematics (and Quantitative reasoning)

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
Interpret and draw inferences from appropriate mathematical models such as formulas, graphs, tables and schematics	Apply precise, logical quantitative reasoning to mathematical hypotheses and conditions (TM SLO 2)
Represent mathematical information symbolically, visually, numerically or verbally as appropriate	Communicate effectively with oral and written skills appropriate to the discipline (TM SLO 5)
Employ quantitative methods such as arithmetic, algebra, geometry, or statistics to solve problems	Use the fundamental tools of mathematics, such as arithmetic, algebra, geometry, functions, graphs, and statistics (TM SLO 1)

# SUNY Natural Sciences (and Scientific Reasoning)

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
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3	Explain the process of scientific investigation and its strict
scientists use to explore natural	reliance on empirical evidence (NW SLO 1)
phenomena, including observation,	
hypotheses development, measurement	
and data collection, experimentation,	
evaluation of evidence and employment	
of data analysis or mathematical	
modeling	
Application of scientific data, concepts or	Apply the scientific process to phenomena in the natural
models in one or more natural sciences	world (NW SLO 2)

## **SUNY Humanities**

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
Demonstrate knowledge of the conventions and methods of at least one of the humanities	Explain a range of foundational approaches used within the relevant subject area and apply those approaches. (Explaining and Applying) (TF SLO 1)
complexity of meaning through critical	Identify in writing the strengths and weaknesses of different foundational approaches and argue persuasively for and against the assumptions made by those approaches. (Applying and Evaluating) (TF SLO 4)
	Critically analyze the form, content, and style of an art form. (Analyzing) (TA SLO 2)

#### **SUNY Social Sciences**

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
	Identify essential discipline-specific theories, terminology,
at least one discipline in the social	and conceptual frameworks from the social sciences. (SW
sciences	SLO 3)
Demonstrates an understanding of the	Apply basic course concepts and methods to answer a
methods social scientists use to explore	simple social science research question. (SW SLO 5)
social phenomena	

# SUNY The Arts

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Demonstrate an understanding of at	Critically analyze the form, content and style of an art
least one principal form of artistic	form (TA SLO 2)
expression and the creative process	
inherent therein	Interpret the art form being studied (TA SLO 4)

# SUNY US History and Civic Engagement

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
-	Analyze United States' society and/or history, including the
	diversity of individuals and communities that make up the
	nation. (Analyzing) (TH SLO 4)
communities that make up the nation	
	Explain the role of individual participation in US
participation in US communities and	communities and government. (Understanding) (TH SLO 3)
government	
	Identify relevant source materials commonly used to
evidence to draw, support, or verify	understand the past (TH SLO 1)
conclusions	

# SUNY World History and Global Awareness

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
Demonstrate knowledge of a broad	Analyze historical or contemporary global issues,
outline of world history and/or the	discourses, narratives, and/or artistic expressions from
development of the distinctive features	more than one perspective. (CG SLO 3)
of at least one civilization or culture in	
relation to other regions of the world	
Demonstrate an understanding of the	Identify significant aspects of global and/or intercultural
structures, systems and	connections with political, historical, artistic, cultural,
interrelationships among civilians and	philosophical, economic, scientific, technological, and/or
cultures within historical and/or	international components. (CG SLO 2)
contemporary contexts and their impact	
on wellbeing and sustainability	

# SUNY World Languages

SUNY Gen Ed SLOs	Potsdam Gen Ed SLOs
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	identify sentences in present tense in the new language. (CL SLO 3)
	Use present tense verbs to discuss basic topics (CL SLO 4)
-	Develop pertinent reflections on cultural features of non- English language communities. (CL SLO 2)